

#### HARRY GWALA DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (PTY) LTD

HGDA Farmers Market, Erf 2226, Portion 27 Ellerton Farm, Ixopo, Tel:039 834 2470/ 039 834 1362

## HARRY GWALA DEVEOLPMENT AGENCY

## SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT POLICY

Approved Date (Date of Board Meeting)	Resolution Number:
Effective Date:	Date of Review:
Signature of Accounting Officer:	

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### 1. Definitions

#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT POLICY

- 2. Supply chain management policy
- 3. Amendment of supply chain management policy
- 4. Delegation of supply chain management powers and duties
- 5. Subdelegations
- Oversight role of board
- 7. Supply chain management units
- 8. Training of supply chain management officials

#### **CHAPTER 2**

#### **SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

9. Format of supply chain management system

#### Part 1: Demand management

10. System of demand management

#### Part 2: Acquisition management

- 11. System of acquisition management
- 12. Range of procurement processes
- 13. General preconditions for consideration of written quotations or bids
- 14. Lists of accredited prospective providers
- 15. Petty cash purchases
- 16. Written or verbal quotations
- 17. Formal written price quotations
- 18. Procedures for procuring goods or services through written or verbal quotations and formal written price quotations
- 19. Competitive bidding process
- Process for competitive bidding
- 21. Bid documentation for competitive bids
- 22. Public invitation for competitive bids

- 23. Procedure for handling, opening and recording of bids
- 24. Negotiations with preferred bidders
- 25. Two-stage bidding process
- 26. Committee system for competitive bids
- 27. Bid specification committees
- 28. Bid evaluation committees
- 29. Bid adjudication committees
- 30. Procurement of banking services
- 31. Procurement of IT related goods or services
- 32. Procurement of goods and services under contracts secured by other organs of state
- 33. Procurement of goods necessitating special safety arrangements
- 34. Proudly SA Campaign
- 35. Appointment of consultants
- 36. Deviation from, and ratification of minor breaches of, procurement processes
- 37. Unsolicited bids
- 38. Combating of abuse of supply chain management system
- 39. Urgent and Emergency Cases

## Part 3: Logistics, Disposal, Risk and Performance Management

- 40. Logistics management
- 41. Disposal management
- 42. Risk management
- 43. Performance management

#### Part 4: Other matters

- 44. Prohibition on awards to persons whose tax matters are not in order
- 45. Prohibition on awards to persons in the service of the state
- 46. Awards to close family members of persons in the service of the state
- 47. Ethical standards

- 48. Inducements, rewards, gifts and favours
- 49. Sponsorships
- 50. Objections and complaints
- 51. Resolution of disputes, objections, complaints and queries
- 52. Contracts providing for compensation based on turnover

#### **Definitions**

**1.** In this Policy, unless the context otherwise indicates, a word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act has the same meaning as in the Act, and –

"competitive bidding process" means a competitive bidding process referred to in paragraph 12 (1) (d) of this Policy;

"competitive bid" means a bid in terms of a competitive bidding process;

"final award", in relation to bids or quotations submitted for a contract, means the final decision on which bid or quote to accept;

"formal written price quotation" means quotations referred to in paragraph 12 (1) (c) of this Policy;

#### "in the service of the state" means to be -

- (a) a member of -
  - (i) any municipal entity board;
  - (ii) any provincial legislature; or
  - (iii) the National Assembly or the National council of Provinces;
- (b) a member of the board of directors of any municipal entity;
- (c) an official of any municipality or municipal entity;

- (d) an employee of any national or provincial department, national or provincial public entity or constitutional institution within the meaning of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No.1 of 1999);
- (e) a member of the accounting authority of any national or provincial public entity; or
- (f) an employee of Parliament or a provincial legislature;

"long term contract" means a contract with a duration period exceeding one year;

"list of accredited prospective providers" means the list of accredited prospective providers which the Harry Gwala Development Agency must keep in terms of paragraph 14 of this policy;

"other applicable legislation" means any other legislation applicable to municipal supply chain management, including –

- (a) the Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000 (Act No. 5 of 2000);
- (b) the Broad-Based Black Economic Empowerment Act, 2003 (Act No. 53 of 2003); and
- (c) the Construction Industry Development Board Act, 2000 (Act No.38 of 2000);

"Treasury guidelines" means any guidelines on supply chain management issued by the Minister in terms of section 168 of the Act;

"the Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003);

"the Regulations" means the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003, Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations published by Government Notice 868 of 2005;

"written or verbal quotations" means quotations referred to in paragraph 12(1)(b) of this Policy.

## **Urgency and Emergency Cases**

Cases are defined as urgent or emergency when the following criteria have been met:-

- (a) The duration of invitation of bids would have a material impact on service delivery/community/public and early delivery is of critical importance;
- (b) resulted from natural disaster i.e. beyond human control; and
- (c) immediate action is required to avoid a dangerous or life threatening situation, misery or want.

Poor planning is not a justifiable cause of an emergency or urgent situation. Written motivation must be provided, detailing the reasons as to why procurement must be done under circumstances of urgency or emergency.

"municipality entity" means Harry Gwala Development Agency.

#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT POLICY

#### Supply chain management policy

- 2. (1) All officials and other role players in the supply chain management system of the **Harry Gwala Development Agency** must implement this Policy in a way that –
- (a) gives effect to
  - (i) section 217 of the Constitution; and
  - (ii) Part 1 of Chapter 11 and other applicable provisions of the Act;
- (b) is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective;
- (c) complies with -
  - (i) the Regulations; and
  - (ii) any minimum norms and standards that may be prescribed in terms of section 168 of the Act;
- (d) is consistent with other applicable legislation;
- (e) does not undermine the objective for uniformity in supply chain management systems between organs of state in all spheres; and
- (f) is consistent with national economic policy concerning the promotion of investments and doing business with the public sector.
  - (2) This Policy applies when the Harry Gwala Development Agency–
- (a) procures goods or services;
- (b) disposes of goods no longer needed;
- (c) selects contractors to provide assistance in the provision of municipal services otherwise than in circumstances where Chapter 8 of the Municipal Systems Act applies; or
- (d) selects external mechanisms referred to in section 80 (1) (b) of the Municipal Systems Act for the provision of municipal services in circumstances contemplated in section 83 of that Act.

- (3) This Policy, except where provided otherwise, does not apply in respect of the procurement of goods and services contemplated in section 110(2) of the Act, including –
- (a) water from the Department of Water Affairs or a public entity, another municipality or a municipal entity; and
- (b) electricity from Eskom or another public entity, another municipality or a municipal entity.

#### Amendment of the supply chain management policy

- 3. (1) Chief Executive Officer must –
- (a) at least annually review the implementation of this Policy; and
- (b) when the Chief Executive Officer considers it necessary, submit proposals for the amendment of this Policy to the Harry Gwala Development Agency Board.
  - (2) If Chief Executive Officer submits proposed amendments to the board that differs from the model policy issued by the National Treasury, the Chief Executive Officer must –
- (a) ensure that such proposed amendments comply with the Regulations; and
- (b) report any deviation from the modelpolicy to the National Treasury and the KZN Provincial Treasury.
- (3) When amending this supply chain management policy the need for uniformity in supply chain practices, procedures and forms between organs of state in all spheres, particularly to promote accessibility of supply chain management systems for small businesses must be taken into account.
- (4) The Chief Executive Officer the municipal Entity must, in terms of Section 62(1)(f)(iv) of the Act, take all reasonable steps to ensure that the municipal Entity has and implements the SCM Policy

#### Delegation of supply chain management powers and duties

- **4.** (1) **Harry Gwala Development Agency** hereby delegates all powers and duties to the Chief Executive Officer which are necessary to enable the Chief Executive Officer –
- (a) to discharge the supply chain management responsibilities conferred on accounting officers in terms of
  - (i) Chapter 8 or 10 of the Act; and
  - (ii) this Policy;
- (b) to maximise administrative and operational efficiency in the implementation of this Policy;
- (c) to enforce reasonable cost-effective measures for the prevention of fraud, corruption, favouritism and unfair and irregular practices in the implementation of this Policy; and
- (d) to comply with his or her responsibilities in terms of section 115 and other applicable provisions of the Act.
- (2) Sections 79 and 106 of the Act apply to the sub-delegation of powers and duties delegated to an Chief Executive Officer in terms of sub-paragraph (1).
- (3) Chief Executive Officer may not sub-delegate any supply chain management powers or duties to a person who is not an official of the **Harry Gwala Development Agency** or to a committee which is not exclusively composed of officials of the **Harry Gwala Development Agency**.
- (4) This paragraph may not be read as permitting an official to whom the power to make final awards has been delegated, to make a final award in a competitive bidding process otherwise than through the committee system provided for in paragraph 26 of this Policy.

#### **Sub-delegations**

**5.** (1) Chief Executive Officer may in terms of section 79 or 106 of the Act sub-delegate any supply chain management powers and duties, including those

delegated to the Chief Executive Officer in terms of this Policy, but any such subdelegation must be consistent with sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph and paragraph 4 of this Policy.

- (2) The power to make a final award –
- (a) above R2 million (VAT included) may not be sub-delegated by the Chief Executive Officer;
- (b) above R500 000 (VAT included), but not exceeding R2 million (VAT included), may be sub-delegated but only to
  - (i) Chief Financial Officer (Director Finance)
  - (ii) a bid adjudication committee of which the Chief Financial Officer or a director is a member; or
- (c) not exceeding R500 000 (VAT included) may be sub-delegated but only to
  - (i) Chief Financial Officer (Director Finance)
  - (ii) a bid adjudication committee.
- (3) An official or bid adjudication committee to which the power to make final awards has been sub-delegated in accordance with subparagraph (2) must within five days of the end of each month submit to the Chief Executive Officer a written report containing particulars of each final award made by such official or committee during that month, including—
- (a) the amount of the award;
- (b) the name of the person to whom the award was made; and
- (c) the reason why the award was made to that person.
  - (4) Sub-paragraph (3) of this paragraph does not apply to procurements out of petty cash.
  - (5) This paragraph may not be interpreted as permitting an official to whom the power to make final awards has been sub-delegated, to

- make a final award in a competitive bidding process otherwise than through the committee system provided for in paragraph 26 of this Policy.
- (6) No supply chain management decision-making powers may be delegated to an advisor or consultant.

### Oversight role of board

- **6.** (1) The board reserves its right to maintain oversight over the implementation of this Policy.
  - (2) For the purposes of such oversight the Chief Executive Officer must
- (i) within 30 days of the end of each financial year, submit a report on the implementation of this policy, to the board of Harry Gwala
   Development Agency; and
  - (ii) whenever there are serious and material problems in the implementation of this policy, immediately submit a report to the board.
- (3) The Chief Executive Officer must, within 10 days of the end of each quarter, submit a report on the implementation of the supply chain management policy to the mayor.
- (4) The reports must be made public in accordance with section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act.

## Supply chain management unit

**7.** (1) An Chief Executive Officer must establish and implement the SCM Policy.

(2) The supply chain management unit operates under the direct supervision of the Chief Financial Officer or an official to whom this duty has been delegated in terms of section 82 of the Act.

## Training of supply chain management officials

**8.** The training of officials involved in implementing this Policy should be in accordance with any Treasury guidelines on supply chain management training.

# CHAPTER 2 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

#### Format of supply chain management system

- **9.** This Policy provides systems for
  - (i) demand management;
  - (ii) acquisition management;
  - (iii) logistics management;
  - (iv) disposal management;
  - (v) risk management; and
  - (vi) performance management.

#### Part 1: Demand management

#### **System of demand management**

- **10.** (1) Chief Executive Officer must establish and implement an appropriate demand management system in order to ensure that the resources required by **Harry Gwala Development Agency** support its operational commitments and its strategic goals outlined in the Integrated Development Plan.
  - (2) The demand management system must –
- (iv) include timely planning and management processes to ensure that all goods and services required by the Harry Gwala Development Agency are quantified, budgeted for and timely and effectively delivered at the right locations and at the critical delivery dates, and are of the appropriate quality and quantity at a fair cost;
- (v) take into account any benefits of economies of scale that may be derived in the case of acquisitions of a repetitive nature; and
- (vi) provide for the compilation of the required specifications to ensure that its needs are met.

(vii) To undertake appropriate industry analysis and research to ensure that innovations and technological benefits are maximized.

#### Part 2: Acquisition management

#### **System of acquisition management**

- **11.** (1) Chief Executive Officer must establish and implement the system of acquisition management set out in this Part in order to ensure –
- that goods and services are procured by the Harry Gwala Development
   Agency in accordance with authorised processes only;
- (b) that expenditure on goods and services is incurred in terms of an approved budget in terms of section 15 of the Act;
- (c) that the threshold values for the different procurement processes are complied with;
- (d) that bid documentation, evaluation and adjudication criteria, and general conditions of a contract, are in accordance with any applicable legislation; and
- (e) that any Treasury guidelines on acquisition management are properly taken into account.
- (2) When procuring goods or services contemplated in section 110(2) of the Act, the Chief Executive Officer must make public the fact that such goods or services are procured otherwise than through the **Harry Gwala Development Agency's** supply chain management system, including -
- (a) water from the Department of Water Affairs or a public entity, another municipality or a municipal entity; and
- (b) electricity from Eskom or another public entity, another municipality or a municipal entity.

.

#### Range of procurement processes

- **12.** (1) Goods and services may only be procured by way of –
- (a) petty cash purchases, up to a transaction value of R2000 (VAT included);
- (b) written or verbal quotations for procurement transactions valued over R2000 up to R10 000 (VAT included);
- (c) formal written price quotations for procurement transactions valued over R 10 000 up to R200 000 (VAT included); and
- (d) a competitive bidding process for-
  - (i) procurement above a transaction value of R200 000 (VAT included); and
  - (ii) the procurement of long term contracts.
  - (2) The Chief Executive Officer may, in writing-
- (a) lower, but not increase, the different threshold values specified in subparagraph (1); or
- (b) direct that -
  - (i) written or verbal quotations be obtained for any specific procurement transaction value lower than R2000;
  - (ii) formal written price quotations be obtained for any specific procurement of a transaction value lower than R10 000; or
  - (iii) a competitive bidding process be followed for any specific procurement of a transaction value lower than R200 000.
- (3) Goods or services may not deliberately be split into parts or items of a lesser value merely to avoid complying with the requirements of the policy. When determining transaction values, a requirement for goods or services consisting of different parts or items must as far as possible be treated and dealt with as a single transaction.

#### General preconditions for consideration of written quotations or bids

- **13.** A written quotation or bid may not be considered unless the provider who submitted the quotation or bid –
- (a) has furnished -
  - (i) full name;
  - (ii) identification number or company or other registration number; and
  - (iii) tax reference number and VAT registration number, if any;
- (b) has submitted a CSD or Tax compliance PIN from the South African Revenue Services that the provider's tax matters are in order; in terms of MFMA circular number 90 and
- (c) has indicated -
  - (i) whether he or she is in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months;
  - (ii) if the provider is not a natural person, whether any of its directors, managers, principal shareholders or stakeholder is in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months; or
  - (iii) whether a spouse, child or parent of the provider or of a director, manager, shareholder or stakeholder referred to in subparagraph(ii) is in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months.

## Lists of accredited prospective providers

- **14.** (1) Chief Executive Officer must –
- (a) keep a list of accredited prospective providers of goods and services that must be used for the procurement requirements through written or verbal quotations and formal written price quotations; and
- (b) at least once a year through newspapers commonly circulating locally, the website and any other appropriate ways, invite prospective providers of goods or services to apply for evaluation and listing as accredited prospective providers;

- (c) specify the listing criteria for accredited prospective providers; and
- (d) disallow the listing of any prospective provider whose name appears on the National Treasury's database as a person prohibited from doing business with the public sector.
- (e) The prospective service providers must also be registered on the Central Suppliers Database as required by National Treasury
  - (2) The list must be updated at least quarterly to include any additional prospective providers and any new commodities or types of services. Prospective providers must be allowed to submit applications for listing at any time.
  - (3) The list must be compiled per commodity and per type of service.

#### Petty cash purchases

- **15.** The conditions for procurement of goods by means of petty cash referred to in paragraph 12 (1) (a) of this Policy, are as follows –
- (a) The Chief Financial Officer may, in writing, delegate the responsibility to monitor Petty Cash purchases to the Accountant: Expenditure:
  - (i) The responsible person reports directly to the manager on all funds paid out together with budget
  - (ii) Petty cash shall at all times be kept in a suitable petty cash box under a direct control of the responsible person.
  - (iii) The petty cash box should be locked at all times and that no unathorised person(s) have access to the petty cash box.
  - (iv) The responsible person must ensure that, at all times she or he has all hard copies as proof of petty cash claims not exceeding R350 for any claim at a time and that till slips are not accepted as proof of payment
  - (v) The responsible person must balance the petty cash each time when preparing a replenishment voucher and get it approved by the manager.

- (vi) The maximum amount held by the responsible person should not exceed R5000
- (vii) Each department shall be allocated an amount of R1 000. (Budget and Treasury Department, Infrastructure Planning and Development, Corporate Services, Social Development and Office of the Chief Executive Officer)
- (b) A maximum of three petty cash purchases per month will be allowed for each departmental section.
- (c) The following types of expenditure are prohibited from the petty cash purchases:
  - No item which is available on contract basis may be purchased by using petty cash, except in the case of dire or critical need, and such item is not available from the contracted supplier.
  - For the purchase of a stock item (item that should be kept in stores), except in the case of dire or critical need, and such item is not available from the contracted supplier.
  - 3. Certain types of transactions will be excluded from the Petty Cash purchases in the case where it is considered necessary to do so e.g. day to day maintenance, stationery, subsistence and travelling claims, airtime, etc.
  - 4. The related low valued items which are required to be purchased repetitively on a daily, weekly and monthly basis may not each time be purchased by means of Petty Cash. These requirements have to be consolidated, quantified and therefore procured through the normal procurement process, e.g. coffee and milk for the boardrooms committee meetings if these items are required on a daily, weekly and monthly.
- (d) A monthly reconciliation report from Accountant: Expenditure must be submitted to the Chief Financial Officer, including –

- (i) the total amount of petty cash purchases for that month; and
- (ii) receipts and appropriate documents for each purchase.
- (e) Total petty cash may not exceed R5 000 for each calendar month and can be distributed as follows
  - (a) R1000 for Budget and Treasury
  - (b) R1000 for Social Development
  - © R1000 for Corporate Services Department
  - (d) R1000 for Infrastructure Planning and Development
  - (e) R1000 for Office of the Chief Executive Officer
- (f) Petty cash may only be used for the following types of expenditure: refreshments and other small items.

#### Written or verbal quotations

- **16.** The conditions for the procurement of goods or services through written or verbal quotations are as follows:
- Quotations must be obtained from at least three different providers preferably from, but not limited to, providers whose names appear on the list of accredited prospective providers of the Harry Gwala Development Agency and Central Suppliers Database (CSD) provided that if quotations are obtained from providers who are not listed, such providers must meet the listing criteria set out in paragraph 14(1)(b) and (c) of this Policy;
- (b) to the extent feasible, providers must be requested to submit such quotations in writing;
- (c) if it is not possible to obtain at least three quotations, the reasons must be recorded and reported quarterly to the Chief Executive Officer or another official designated by the Chief Executive Officer;
- (d) the Chief Executive Officer must record the names of the potential providers requested to provide such quotations with their quoted prices;

- (e) if a quotation was submitted verbally, the order may be placed only against written confirmation by the selected provider;
- (f) and /or to apply Risk Management Policy, Delegation of Powers Authority, SCM Policy, Delegation of Powers MFMA, Petty Cash as well as Budgeting Policy.

### Formal written quotations

- **17.** (1) The conditions for the procurement of goods or services through formal written price quotations are as follows:
- (a) quotations between R10 000 R200 000 must be obtained in writing from at least three different providers whose names appear on the Central Suppliers Database
- (b) quotations may be obtained from providers who are not listed, provided that such providers meet the listing criteria set out in paragraph 14(1)(b) and (c) of this Policy;
- (c) if it is not possible to obtain at least three quotations, the reasons must be recorded and approved by the Chief Financial Officer or an official designated by the Chief Financial Officer.
  - (d) Chief Executive Officer must record the names of the potential providers and their written quotations, and
- (e) To the extent feasible, the service providers or suppliers must be requested to submit such quotations in writing
- (2) A designated official referred to in subparagraph (1) (c) must within three days of the end of each month report to the Chief Financial Officer on any approvals given during that month by that official in terms of that subparagraph.

# Procedures for procuring goods or services through written or verbal quotations and formal written price quotations

**18.** The procedure for the procurement of goods or services through written or verbal quotations or formal written price quotations, is as follows:

- (a) when using the list of accredited prospective providers the Chief Executive Officer must promote ongoing competition amongst providers by inviting providers to submit quotations on a rotation basis;
- (b) all requirements in excess of R30 000 (VAT included) that are to be procured by means of formal written price quotations must, in addition to the requirements of paragraph 17 and be advertised for at least seven days on the website and an official notice board of Harry Gwala Development Agency;
- (c) offers received must be evaluated on a comparative basis taking into account unconditional discounts;
- (d) the Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer must on a monthly basis be notified in writing of all written or verbal quotations and formal written price quotations accepted by an official acting in terms of a subdelegation;
- (e) offers below R30 000 (VAT included) must be awarded based on compliance to specifications and conditions of contract, ability and capability to deliver the goods and services and lowest price;
- (f) for proper record keeping and audit purposes, the following documentation must be kept by Finance and department procuring goods or services;
  - (i) the authorised purchase requisition produced by the department requiring goods and services.
  - (ii) formal written price quotations
  - (iii) the order authorised by the Chief Financial Officer.
  - (iv) formal signed delivery note submitted by the successful supplier.
  - (v) formal invoice or certificate of work performed submitted by the successful supplier.
  - (vi) goods received voucher, as prepared by expenditure: creditors section.
  - (vii) the cheque voucher prepared by the Accountant: Expenditure and authorised by Chief Financial Officer.
  - (viii) the authorised payment cheque.

- (ix) Any minutes of a bid resolution by the Bid Adjudication or Awarding Committee.
- (x) Proof of authorised direct payment processed for each transaction

#### **Competitive bids**

- **19.** (1) Goods or services above a transaction value of R200 000 (VAT included) and long term contracts may only be procured through a competitive bidding process, subject to paragraph 11(2) of this Policy.
- (2) No requirement for goods or services above an estimated transaction value of R200 000 (VAT included), may deliberately be split into parts or items of lesser value merely for the sake of procuring the goods or services otherwise than through a competitive bidding process.

#### Process for competitive bidding

- **20.** The procedures for the following stages of a competitive bidding process are as follows:
- (a) Compilation of bidding documentation as detailed in paragraph 21;
- (b) Public invitation of bids as detailed in paragraph 22;
- (c) Site meetings or briefing sessions as detailed in paragraph 22;
- (d) Handling of bids submitted in response to public invitation as detailed in paragraph 23;
- (e) Evaluation of bids as detailed in paragraph 28;
- (f) Award of contracts as detailed in paragraph 29;
- (g) Administration of contracts
  - (i) After approval of a bid, the Chief Executive Officer and the bidder must enter into a written agreement.
- (h) Proper record keeping
  - (i) Original / legal copies of written contracts agreements should be kept in a secure place for reference purposes.

#### Bid documentation for competitive bids

- **21.** The criteria with which bid documentation for a competitive bidding process must –
- (a) take into account -
  - the general conditions of contract and any special conditions of contract, if specified;
  - (ii) any Treasury guidelines on bid documentation; and
  - the requirements of the Construction Industry Development Board
     (CIDB), in the case of a bid relating to construction, upgrading or refurbishment of buildings or infrastructure;
- (b) compel bidders to declare any conflict of interest they may have in the transaction for which the bid is submitted;
- (c) if the value of the transaction is expected to exceed R10 million (VAT included), require bidders to furnish—
  - (i) if the bidder is required by law to prepare annual financial statements for auditing, their audited annual financial statements
    - (aa) for the past three years; or
    - (bb) since their establishment if established during the past three years;
  - (ii) a certificate signed by the bidder certifying that the bidder has no undisputed commitments for municipal services towards a municipality or other service provider in respect of which payment is overdue for more than 30 days;
  - (iii) particulars of any contracts awarded to the bidder by an organ of state during the past five years, including particulars of any material non-compliance or dispute concerning the execution of such contract;

- (iv) a statement indicating whether any portion of the goods or services are expected to be sourced from outside the Republic, and, if so, what portion and whether any portion of payment from HGDA, entity is expected to be transferred out of the Republic; and
- (d) stipulate that disputes must be settled by means of mutual consultation, mediation (with or without legal representation), or, when unsuccessful, in a South African court of law.

#### Public invitation for competitive bids

- **22.** (1) The procedure for the invitation of competitive bids, is as follows:
- (a) Any invitation to prospective providers to submit bids must be by means of a public advertisement in newspapers commonly circulating locally, the website of the **Harry Gwala Development Agency** or any other appropriate ways (which may include an advertisement in the Government Tender Bulletin and eTender publication portal); and
- (b) the information contained in a public advertisement, must include
  - (i) the closure date for the submission of bids, which may not be less than 30 days in the case of transactions over R10 million (VAT included), or which are of a long term nature, or 14 days in any other case, from the date on which the advertisement is placed in a newspaper, subject to sub-paragraph (2) of this policy;
  - (ii) a statement that bids may only be submitted on the bid documentation provided by **Harry Gwala Development Agency** ;and
  - (iii) date, time and venue of any proposed site meetings or briefing sessions.
  - (iv) statement stating that no late bid proposal will be accepted.
- (2) Chief Executive Officer may determine a closure date for the submission of bids which is less than the 14 days requirement, but only if such shorter period can be justified on the grounds of urgency or emergency or any

exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement process.

- (3) Bids submitted must be sealed.
- (4) Where bids are requested in electronic format, such bids must be supplemented by sealed hard copies.

## Procedure for handling, opening and recording of bids

- **23.** The procedures for the handling, opening and recording of bids, are as follows:
- (a) Bids-
  - (i) must be opened only in public;
  - (ii) must be opened at the same time and as soon as possible after the period for the submission of bids has expired; and
  - (iii) received after the closing time should not be considered and returned unopened immediately.
- (a) Any bidder or member of the public has the right to request that the names of the bidders who submitted bids in time must be read out and, if practical, also each bidder's total bidding price;
- (b) No information, except the provisions in subparagraph (b), relating to the bid should be disclosed to bidders or other persons until the successful bidder is notified of the award; and
- (c) The Chief Executive Officer must
  - (i) record in a register all bids received in time;
  - (ii) make the register available for public inspection; and
  - (iii) publish the entries in the register and the bid results on the Entity's official Notice Board and on the website when practical.

## **Negotiations with preferred bidders**

- **24.** (1) Chief Executive Officer may negotiate the final terms of a contract with bidders identified through a competitive bidding process as preferred bidders, provided that such negotiation –
- (a) does not allow any preferred bidder a second or unfair opportunity;
- (b) is not to the detriment of any other bidder; and
- (c) does not lead to a higher price than the bid as submitted.
  - (2) Minutes of such negotiations must be kept for record purposes.

## Two-stage bidding process

- **25.** (1) A two-stage bidding process is allowed for –
- (a) large, complex projects;
- (b) projects where it may be undesirable to prepare complete detailed technical specifications; or
- (c) long term projects with a duration period exceeding three years.
- (2) In the first stage technical proposals on conceptual design or performance specifications should be invited, subject to technical as well as commercial clarifications and adjustments.
- (3) In the second stage final technical proposals and priced bids should be invited.

## Committee system for competitive bids

- **26.** (1) A committee system for competitive bids is hereby established, consisting of the following committees for each procurement or cluster of procurements as the Chief Executive Officer may determine:
- (a) a bid specification committee;
- (b) a bid evaluation committee; and
- (c) a bid adjudication committee;

- (2) Chief Executive Officer appoints the members of each committee, taking into account section 117 of the Act; and
- (3) A neutral or independent observer, appointed by the Chief Executive Officer must attend or oversee a committee when this is appropriate for ensuring fairness and promoting transparency.
  - (4) The committee system must be consistent with –
- (a) paragraph 27, 28 and 29 of this Policy; and
- (b) any other applicable legislation.
- (5) Chief Executive Officer may apply the committee system to formal written price quotations.

## **Bid specification committees**

- **27.** (1) A bid specification committee must compile the specifications for each procurement of goods or services by the municipality.
  - (2) Specifications -
- (a) must be drafted in an unbiased manner to allow all potential suppliers to offer their goods or services;
- (b) must take account of any accepted standards such as those issued by Standards South Africa, the International Standards Organisation, or an authority accredited or recognised by the South African National Accreditation System with which the equipment or material or workmanship should comply;
- (c) must, where possible, be described in terms of performance required rather than in terms of descriptive characteristics for design;
- (d) may not create trade barriers in contract requirements in the forms of specifications, plans, drawings, designs, testing and test methods, packaging, marking or labeling of conformity certification;

- (e) may not make reference to any particular trade mark, name, patent, design, type, specific origin or producer unless there is no other sufficiently precise or intelligible way of describing the characteristics of the work, in which case such reference must be accompanied by the word "equivalent";
- (f) must be approved by the Chief Executive Officer prior to publication of the invitation for bids in terms of paragraph 22 of this Policy.
  - (3) A bid specification committee must be composed of:
- (a) two/three senior officials of the municipal entity who must serve as standing members; one from the Supply Chain Management Unit who will chair and the others from Infrastructure, Planning & Development, Social Development and Corporate Services.
- (b) must be appointed in writing for a period of 12/24 months which is in line with

the financial year end of the municipal entity, subject to the annual reviewal

of this policy;

- (c) one official to be co-opted from the end user department preferably a manager and a knowledgeable official responsible for the function involved:
- (d) co-opted external specialised expert deemed where necessary
- (e) the quorum must be equal to 50% of the number of permanent (as opposed to co-opted) committee members, plus one member referred to in (b) above.

(4) No person, advisor or corporate entity involved with the bid specification committee, or director of such a corporate entity, may bid for any resulting contracts.

#### Bid evaluation committees

- **28.** (1) A bid evaluation committee must –
- (a) evaluate bids in accordance with -
  - (i) the specifications for a specific procurement;
- (b) evaluate each bidder's ability to execute the contract;
- (c) check in respect of the recommended bidder whether municipal rates and taxes and municipal service charges are not in arrears, and;
- (d) submit to the adjudication committee a report and recommendations regarding the award of the bid or any other related matter.
- (2) A bid evaluation committee must as far as possible be composed of -
- (a) two/three senior officials of the municipal entity who must serve as standing members; one from the Supply Chain Management Unit who will Chair and the others from the Infrastructure, Planning & Development, Social Development and Corporate Services.
- (b) must be appointed for a period of 12/24 months which is in line with the financial year end of the municipal entity, subject to the annual reviewal of this policy
- (c) one senior official to be co-opted from end user department preferably a responsible for the function involved;
- (d) co- opted external specialised expert where deemed necessary;
- (e) the quorum must be equal to 50% of the number of permanent (as opposed to co-opted) committee members, plus one member referred to in (b) above.

## **Bid adjudication committees**

- **29.** (1) A bid adjudication committee must –
- (a) consider the report and recommendations of the bid evaluation committee;
   and
- (b) either -
  - (i) depending on its delegations, make a final award or a recommendation to the Chief Executive Officer to make the final award; or
  - (ii) make another recommendation to the Chief Executive Officer how to proceed with the relevant procurement.
  - (2) A bid adjudication committee must consist of at least four senior managers of the municipal entity which must include –
- (a) Chief Financial Officer (Finance)
- (b) Director: Corporate Services
- (c) Director: Social Development
- (d) Director: Infrastructure Planning and Development
- (e) Manager: Supply Chain Management
- (f) the quorum must be equal to 50% of the number of permanent (as opposed to co-opted) committee members, plus one member.
- (3) Chief Executive Officer must appoint the chairperson of the committee. If the chairperson is absent from a meeting, the members of the committee who are present must elect one of them to preside at the meeting.
- (4) Neither a member of a bid evaluation committee, nor an advisor or person assisting the evaluation committee, may be a member of a bid adjudication committee.

- (5) (a) If the bid adjudication committee decides to award a bid other than the one recommended by the bid evaluation committee, the bid adjudication committee must prior to awarding the bid
  - (i) check in respect of the preferred bidder whether that bidder's municipal rates and taxes and municipal service charges are not in arrears, and;
  - (ii) notify the Chief Executive Officer.
- (b) The Chief Executive Officer may
  - (i) after due consideration of the reasons for the deviation, ratify or reject the decision of the bid adjudication committee referred to in paragraph (a); and
  - (ii) if the decision of the bid adjudication committee is rejected, refer the decision of the adjudication committee back to that committee for reconsideration.
- (6) Chief Executive Officer may at any stage of a bidding process, refer any recommendation made by the evaluation committee or the adjudication committee back to that committee for reconsideration of the recommendation.
- (7) Chief Executive Officer must comply with section 114 of the Act within 10 working days

## **Procurement of banking services**

- **30.** (1) A contract for banking services –
- (a) must be procured through competitive bids;
- (b) must be consistent with section 7 or 85 of the Act; and
- (c) may not be for a period of more than five years at a time.
- (2) The process for procuring a contract for banking services must commence at least nine months before the end of an existing contract.

(3) The closure date for the submission of bids may not be less than 60 days from the date on which the advertisement is placed in a newspaper in terms of paragraph 22(1). Bids must be restricted to banks registered in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No. 94 of 1990).

#### Procurement of IT related goods or services

- **31.** (1) Chief Executive Officer may request the State Information Technology Agency (SITA) to assist with the acquisition of IT related goods or services through a competitive bidding process.
- (2) Both parties must enter into a written agreement to regulate the services rendered by, and the payments to be made to, SITA.
  - (3) Chief Executive Officer must notify SITA together with a motivation of the IT needs if –
- (a) the transaction value of IT related goods or services required in any financial year will exceed R50 million (VAT included); or
- (b) the transaction value of a contract to be procured whether for one or more years exceeds R50 million (VAT included).
- (4) If SITA comments on the submission and the **Harry Gwala Development Agency** disagrees with such comments, the comments and the reasons for rejecting or not following such comments must be submitted to the board, the National Treasury, the KZN Provincial Treasury and the Auditor General.

## Procurement of goods and services under contracts secured by other organs of state

**32.** (1) Chief Executive Officer may procure goods or services under a contract secured by another organ of state, but only if –

- (a) the contract has been secured by that other organ of state by means of a competitive bidding process applicable to that organ of state;
- (b) there is no reason to believe that such contract was not validly procured;
- (c) there are demonstrable discounts or benefits to do so; and
- (d) that other organ of state and the provider have consented to such procurement in writing.
  - (2) Subparagraphs (1)(c) and (d) do not apply if –
- (a) a municipal entity procures goods or services through a contract secured by its parent municipality; or
- (b) a municipal entity procures goods or services through a contract secured by a municipal entity of which it is the parent municipality.

#### Procurement of goods necessitating special safety arrangements

- **33.** (1) The acquisition and storage of goods in bulk (other than water), which necessitate special safety arrangements, including gasses and fuel, should be avoided where ever possible.
- (2) Where the storage of goods in bulk is justified, such justification must be based on sound reasons, including the total cost of ownership, cost advantages and environmental impact and must be approved by the Chief Executive Officer.

## **Proudly SA Campaign**

- **34. (1) Harry Gwala Development Agency** supports the Proudly SA Campaign to the extent that, all things being equal, **preference is given to procuring local goods** and services from:
  - Firstly suppliers and businesses within Harry Gwala Development
     Agency or Harry Gwala district;
  - Secondly suppliers and businesses within the KwaZulu Natal province;
  - Thirdly suppliers and businesses within the Republic.

#### **Appointment of consultants**

- **35.** (1) Chief Executive Officer may procure consulting services provided that any Treasury guidelines in respect of consulting services are taken into account when such procurements are made.
  - (2) Consultancy services must be procured through competitive bids if
- (a) the value of the contract exceeds R200 000 (VAT included); or
- (b) the duration period of the contract exceeds one year.
  - (3) In addition to any requirements prescribed by this policy for competitive bids, bidders must furnish particulars of –
- (a) all consultancy services provided to an organ of state in the last five years;
   and
- (b) any similar consultancy services provided to an organ of state in the last five years.
- (4) Chief Executive Officer must ensure that copyright in any document produced, and the patent rights or ownership in any plant, machinery, thing, system or process designed or devised, by a consultant in the course of the consultancy service is vested in the **Harry Gwala Development Agency**.

# Deviation from, and ratification of minor breaches of, procurement processes

- **36.** (1) Chief Executive Officer may –
- (a) dispense with the official procurement processes established by this Policy and to procure any required goods or services through any convenient process, which may include direct negotiations, but only
  - (i) in an emergency;
  - (ii) if such goods or services are produced or available from a single provider only;

- (iii) for the acquisition of special works of art or historical objects where specifications are difficult to compile;
- (iv) acquisition of animals for zoos and/or nature and game reserves; or
- (v) in any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement processes; and
- (b) ratify any minor breaches of the procurement processes by an official or committee acting in terms of delegated powers or duties which are purely of a technical nature.
- (2) Chief Executive Officer must record the reasons for any deviations in terms of subparagraphs (1)(a) and (b) of this policy and report them to the next meeting of the board and include as a note to the annual financial statements.
- (3) Subparagraph (2) does not apply to the procurement of goods and services contemplated in paragraph 11(2) of this policy.

#### **Unsolicited bids**

- **37.** (1) In accordance with section 113 of the Act there is no obligation to consider unsolicited bids received outside a normal bidding process.
- (2) Chief Executive Officer may decide in terms of section 113(2) of the Act to consider an unsolicited bid, only if –
- the product or service offered in terms of the bid is a demonstrably or proven unique innovative concept;
- (b) the product or service will be exceptionally beneficial to, or have exceptional cost advantages;
- (c) the person who made the bid is the sole provider of the product or service; and
- (d) the reasons for not going through the normal bidding processes are found to be sound by the Chief Executive Officer.

- (3) If Chief Executive Officer decides to consider an unsolicited bid that complies with subparagraph (2) of this policy, the decision must be made public in accordance with section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act, together with –
- (a) reasons as to why the bid should not be open to other competitors;
- (b) an explanation of the potential benefits if the unsolicited bid were accepted; and
- (c) an invitation to the public or other potential suppliers to submit their comments within 30 days of the notice.
- (4) Chief Executive Officer must submit all written comments received pursuant to subparagraph (3), including any responses from the unsolicited bidder, to the National Treasury and the KZN provincial treasury for comment.
- (5) The adjudication committee must consider the unsolicited bid and may award the bid or make a recommendation to the Chief Executive Officer, depending on its delegations.
- (6) A meeting of the adjudication committee to consider an unsolicited bid must be open to the public.
- (7) When considering the matter, the adjudication committee must take into account –
- (a) any comments submitted by the public; and
- (b) any written comments and recommendations of the National Treasury or the KZN Provincial Treasury.
- (8) If any recommendations of the National Treasury or KZN Provincial Treasury are rejected or not followed, the Chief Executive Officer must submit to the Auditor General, the KZN Provincial Treasury and the National Treasury the reasons for rejecting or not following those recommendations.

(9) Such submission must be made within seven days after the decision on the award of the unsolicited bid is taken, but no contract committing Harry Gwala Development Agency to the bid may be entered into or signed within 30 days of the submission.

# Combating of abuse of supply chain management system

- 38. (1) Chief Executive Officer must-
- (a) take all reasonable steps to prevent abuse of the supply chain management system;
- (b) investigate any allegations against an official or other role player of fraud, corruption, favouritism, unfair or irregular practices or failure to comply with this Policy, and when justified –
  - (i) take appropriate steps against such official or other role player; or
  - (ii) report any alleged criminal conduct to the South African Police Service:
- (c) check the National Treasury's database prior to awarding any contract to ensure that no recommended bidder, or any of its directors, is listed as a person prohibited from doing business with the public sector;
- (d) reject any bid from a bidder-
  - (i) if any municipal rates and taxes or municipal service charges owed by that bidder or any of its directors to the **Harry Gwala Development Agency**, or to any other municipality or municipal entity, are in arrears for more than three months; or
  - (ii) who during the last five years has failed to perform satisfactorily on a previous contract with the Harry Gwala Development Agency or any other organ of state after written notice was given to that bidder that performance was unsatisfactory;
- (e) reject a recommendation for the award of a contract if the recommended bidder, or any of its directors, has committed a corrupt or fraudulent act in competing for the particular contract;
- (f) cancel a contract awarded to a person if -

- (i) the person committed any corrupt or fraudulent act during the bidding process or the execution of the contract; or
- (ii) an official or other role player committed any corrupt or fraudulent act during the bidding process or the execution of the contract that benefited that person; and
- (g) reject the bid of any bidder if that bidder or any of its directors
  - (i) has abused the supply chain management system of the municipality or has committed any improper conduct in relation to such system;
  - (ii) has been convicted for fraud or corruption during the past five years;
  - (iii) has willfully neglected, reneged on or failed to comply with any government, municipal or other public sector contract during the past five years; or
  - (iv) has been listed in the Register for Tender Defaulters in terms of section 29 of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act (No 12 of 2004).
  - (2) The Chief Executive Officer must inform the National Treasury and KZN Provincial Treasury in writing of any actions taken in terms of subparagraphs (1)(b)(ii), (e) or (f) of this policy.

#### 39. URGENT AND EMERGENCY PROCUREMENT DELEGATION

Should it be impractical to invite competitive bids for a specific procurement in the case of emergency and urgent cases or in case of sole supplier, the Chief Executive Officer may procure such required goods and services in accordance with MFMA, 2003 Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations 36 by other means such as price quotations or negotiations. The reasons for deviating from inviting competitive bids should be recorded and approved by the Chief Executive Officer or the delegated officials. Poor planning is not a justifiable cause of an emergency and urgent procurement situation.

# 39.1 DELEGATED OFFICIALS TO DECLARE AND APPROVE URGENT AND EMERGENCY PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES

- (a) The **Chief Financial Officer** may approve urgent and emergency procurement of goods and services up to the value of **R30 000.**
- (b) Accounting Officer (Chief Executive Officer) has unlimited authority to approve urgent and emergency procurement of goods and services.

# 39.2 CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO THE URGENT AND EMERGENCY PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES.

- 39.2.1 At least three (3) written quotations must be obtained.
- 39.2.2 If it is not possible to obtain three written quotations, the reasons should be recorded and recommended by the Chief Financial Officer and approved by Chief Executive Officer, as per 39.2.7 above, depending on value.
- 39.2.3 Where only one quotation is received and accepted, all reasonable steps must be taken to ensure that the price is fair and market related.
- 39.2.4 Quotations to be evaluated by the **Bid Evaluation Committee** and therefore make recommendation to the **Chief Financial Officer** to recommend and Chief Executive Officer must approve.
- 39.2.5 A contract shall only be awarded to an acceptable supplier who scored the highest points in accordance with the predetermined criteria and registered in the Central Suppliers database unless exempted in terms of Supply Chain Management Regulations 11(2).
- 39.2.6 Approval of acceptance of quotations must be done by the **Accounting Officer (Chief Executive Officer)**, as per 39.2.7 above, depending on value.
- 39.2.7 If the lowest bid is not chosen or preferred, valid reasons must be provided and must therefore be recommeded by the **Chief**

Financial Officer and approved by Accounting Officer (Chief Executive Officer), as per 39.2.7 above, depending on value, before such purchases may take place.

# Part 3: Logistics, Disposal, Risk and Performance Management

# **Logistics management**

- **40.** Chief Executive Officer must establish and implement an effective system of logistics management, which must include -
- (a) the monitoring of spending patterns on types or classes of goods and services incorporating, where practical, the coding of items to ensure that each item has a unique number;
- (b) the setting of inventory levels that includes minimum and maximum levels and lead times wherever goods are placed in stock;
- (c) the placing of manual or electronic orders for all acquisitions other than those from petty cash;
- (d) before payment is approved, certification by the responsible officer that the goods and services are received or rendered on time and is in accordance with the order, the general conditions of contract and specifications where applicable and that the price charged is as quoted in terms of a contract;
- appropriate standards of internal control and warehouse management to ensure that goods placed in stores are secure and only used for the purpose for which they were purchased;
- (f) regular checking to ensure that all assets including official vehicles are properly managed, appropriately maintained and only used for official purposes; and
- (g) monitoring and review of the supply vendor performance to ensure compliance with specifications and contract conditions for particular goods or services.

# **Disposal management**

**41.** The Municipal entity must have a Disposal Policy

The Chief Executive Officer must appoint a disposal committee in writing

- (1) The criteria for the disposal or letting of assets, including unserviceable, redundant or obsolete assets, subject to sections 14 and 90 of the Act, are as follows:
  - (i) An obsolescence plan must be determined for each asset to ensure that when the asset can no longer be maintained or used for its original purpose, that there is a plan to replace it.
    - (a) No immovable asset or movable assets shall be disposed of, before it has been written off in terms of the Asset management policy adopted by the board
    - (b) Redundant material held in the stores or elsewhere can only be disposed of, after a full report has been tabled to board and approved.
    - (c) The disposal of assets and redundant materials shall be disposed off in terms of Section 41(3) of this policy.
  - (2) A renewal plan must be determined for assets that have reached the end of its useful life.
  - (3) Asset disposal decisions must be made within an integrated, service and financial planning framework.
  - (4) Assets may be disposed of by -
    - (i) transferring the asset to another organ of state in terms of a provision of the Act enabling the transfer of assets;
    - (ii) transferring the asset to another organ of state at market related value or, when appropriate, free of charge;
    - (iii) selling the asset; or
    - (iv) destroying the asset.

- (4) **Harry Gwala Development Agency** must establish a disposal strategy to determine the best mechanism of disposal for each asset and the Chief Executive Officer must ensure that –
- immovable property is sold only at market related prices except when the public interest or the plight of the poor demands otherwise;
- (b) movable assets are sold either by way of written price quotations, a competitive bidding process, auction or at market related prices, whichever is the most advantageous;
- (c) firearms are not sold or donated to any person or institution within or outside the Republic unless approved by the National Conventional Arms Control Committee;
- immovable property is let at market related rates except when the public interest or the plight of the poor demands otherwise;
- (e) all fees, charges, rates, tariffs, scales of fees or other charges relating to the letting of immovable property are annually reviewed;
- (f) where assets are traded in for other assets, the highest possible trade-in price is negotiated; and
- (g) in the case of the free disposal of computer equipment, the provincial department of education is first approached to indicate within 30 days whether any of the local schools are interested in the equipment.

# Risk management

- **42.** (1) The criteria for the identification, consideration and avoidance of potential risks in the supply chain management system, are as follows:
- (a) risk management aspect must be allocated to the Chief Financial

  Officer, the SCM Manager, the internal audit function and the

  Audit Committee, each of which shall ultimately be accountable to
  the Chief Executive Officer or the board for the discharge of their
  responsibilities.
- (b) Identify all possible risks within the SCM processes of the Municipal Entity

- (c) Determine the SCM risk management strategy and action plan
- (d) Execute and implement the SCM risk management strategy and action plan
- (e) Monitor the SCM risk management process and results on a regular basis
  - (2) Risk management must include -
- (a) the identification of risks on a case-by-case basis;
- (b) the allocation of risks to the party best suited to manage such risks;
- (c) acceptance of the cost of the risk where the cost of transferring the risk is greater than that of retaining it;
- (d) the management of risks in a pro-active manner and the provision of adequate cover for residual risks; and
- (e) the assignment of relative risks to the contracting parties through clear and unambiguous contract documentation.

# **Performance management**

**43.** The Chief Executive Officer must establish and implement an internal monitoring system in order to determine, on the basis of a retrospective analysis, whether the authorised supply chain management processes were followed and whether the objectives of this Policy were achieved.

#### Part 4: Other matters

#### Prohibition on awards to persons whose tax matters are not in order

**44.** (1) No award above R30 000 may be made in terms of this Policy to a person whose tax matters have not been declared by the South African Revenue Service to be in order.

#### Prohibition on awards to persons in the service of the state

**45.** Irrespective of the procurement process followed, no award may be made to a person in terms of this Policy –

- (a) who is in the service of the state;
- (b) if that person is not a natural person, of which any director, manager, principal shareholder or stakeholder is a person in the service of the state; or
- (c) a person who is an advisor or consultant contracted with **Harry Gwala Development Agency**.

# Awards to close family members of persons in the service of the state

- **46.** Chief Executive Officer must ensure that the notes to the annual financial statements disclose particulars of any award of more than R2000 to a person who is a spouse, child or parent of a person in the service of the state, or has been in the service of the state in the previous twelve months, including –
- (a) the name of that person;
- (b) the capacity in which that person is in the service of the state; and
- (c) the amount of the award.

#### **Ethical standards**

- 47. (1) A code of ethical standards as set out in the "National Treasury's code of conduct for supply chain management practitioners and other role players involved in supply chain management" is hereby established for officials and other role players in the supply chain management system of the municipal entity in order to promote-
- (a) mutual trust and respect; and
- (b) an environment where business can be conducted with integrity and in a fair and reasonable manner.
  - (2) A breach of the code of ethics must be dealt with as follows -
- in the case of an employee, in terms of the disciplinary procedures of the municipal entity envisaged in section 67(1)(h) of the Municipal Systems Act;

- (b) in the case a role player who is not an employee, through other appropriate means in recognition of the severity of the breach.
- (c) In all cases, financial misconduct must be dealt with in terms of chapter 15 of the Act.
- (2) The Chief Executive Officer must keep a register of all declarations of interests, in terms of SCM regulation 46 (2)(d)&(e).
- (3) All declarations by the Chief Executive Officer must be made to the Mayor

# Inducements, rewards, gifts and favor's to municipal entity, officials and other role players

- **48.** (1) No person who is a provider or prospective provider of goods or services, or a recipient or prospective recipient of goods disposed or to be disposed of may either directly or through a representative or intermediary promise, offer or grant —
- (a) any inducement or reward to **Harry Gwala Development Agency** for or in connection with the award of a contract; or
- (b) any reward, gift, favour or hospitality to -
  - (i) any official; or
  - (ii) any other role player involved in the implementation of this Policy.
- (2) Chief Executive Officer must promptly report any alleged contravention of subparagraph (1) to the National Treasury for considering whether the offending person, and any representative or intermediary through which such person is alleged to have acted, should be listed in the National Treasury's database of persons prohibited from doing business with the public sector.
  - (3) Subparagraph (1) does not apply to gifts less than R350 in value.

# **Sponsorships**

- **49.** Chief Executive Officer must promptly disclose to the National Treasury and the KZN Provincial Treasury any sponsorship promised, offered or granted, whether directly or through a representative or intermediary, by any person who is
  - (a) a provider or prospective provider of goods or services; or
  - (b) a recipient or prospective recipient of goods disposed or to be disposed.

# **Objections and complaints**

**50.** Persons aggrieved by decisions or actions taken in the implementation of this supply chain management system, may lodge within 14 days of the decision or action, a written objection or complaint against the decision or action.

# Resolution of disputes, objections, complaints and queries

- **51.** (1) The Chief Executive Officer must appoint an independent and impartial person, not directly involved in the supply chain management processes
- to assist in the resolution of disputes between the municipal entity and other persons regarding -
  - (i) any decisions or actions taken in the implementation of the supply chain management system; or
  - (ii) any matter arising from a contract awarded in the course of the supply chain management system; or
- (b) <u>to deal with objections</u>, <u>complaints</u> or <u>queries regarding</u> any such decisions or actions or any matters arising from such contract.
- (2) Chief Executive Officer, or another official designated by the Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for assisting the appointed person to perform his or her functions effectively.

- (3) The person appointed must –
- strive to resolve promptly all disputes, objections, <u>complaints</u> or queries received; and
- (b) <u>submit monthly reports</u> to the Chief Executive Officer <u>on</u> all disputes, objections, <u>complaints</u> or queries received, attended to or resolved.
- (4) A dispute, objection, complaint\_or query\_may <u>be\_referred\_to the</u>
  KZN Provincial Treasury (Municipal Bid Tribunal) if –
- (a) the dispute, objection, complaint\_or query is not resolved within 60 days;or
- (b) <u>no response is forthcoming within 60 days</u>.
- (5) If the provincial t<u>reasury</u> does not or cannot<u>resolve the matter, the</u> dispute, objection, complaint\_or query\_may be referred <u>to the National Treasury</u> for resolution.
- (6) This paragraph must not be read as affecting a person's rights to approach a court at any time.

# Contracts providing for compensation based on turnover

- 52. If a service provider acts on behalf of Harry Gwala Development Agency to provide any service or act as a collector of fees, service charges or taxes and the compensation payable to the service provider is fixed as an agreed percentage of turnover for the service or the amount collected, the contract between the service provider and the Harry Gwala Development Agency must stipulate –
- (a) a cap on the compensation payable to the service provider; and
- (c) that such compensation must be performance based.

#### Price Variance between an order and an invoice

53. The Municipal Entity shall accept a price variance between an order and an invoice up to R500 and any amount above this should not be accepted, but the order should be cancelled as the new one has to be issued.

# **Delegation of authority limits.**

**54.** The orders up R200 000 must be authorized by the Chief Financial Officer. Orders above R200 000 must be authorized by Chief Executive Officer.

#### 55. Bid Evaluation Criteria

The entity shall evaluate the tenders and it shall be a condition of tender that tenders will only be accepted from Targeted Enterprises that fully comply with the definition of a targeted enterprise as described in each contract

The entity shall evaluate the tenders based on for construction and other specialised work:

- (1) Functionality,
- (2) Price and Preference,
- (3) Eligibility.

#### Stage 1 – Functionality

Functionality is based on the following criteria:

- Locality (Project Areas),
- CIDB grade and class (targeted entity)
- Experience
- Plant and Equipment (if it construction)
- Designated Groups (e.g. woman, youth, smme's etc.)

Tenderers will be required to score the minimum number of points for each package for functionality. The minimum number of points or threshold shall be established by the Entity in consultation with the user departments and the Engineers if it is infrastructure in nature and may vary depending on the nature project or any other valid considerations.

Functionality will not apply on supply and delivery of goods and services, this will be evaluated on the basis of pricing, budget threshold and other criterion that may be determined or triggered by nature of goods and be aligned to the core mandate of the entity.

# Commencement

**56.** This Policy takes effect on [01 July 2022]